J.P. Morgan Commodity Curve Ex-Front Month Crude Oil Excess Return and Total Return Indices (JMCXXCLE & JMCXXCLT) Risk Disclosure

Capitalised terms used in this section and not defined herein shall have the respective meaning ascribed to each in the rules of the Indices ("Rules").

IMPORTANT NOTICE

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The J.P. Morgan Commodity Curve Ex-Front Month Crude Oil Excess Return and Total Return Indices (collectively the "Indices" an **"Index"**) are purely synthetic. There is no pool of commodity futures to which any person is entitled or in which any person has any ownership interest or which serve collateral for the return on any product referencing the Indices.

Price Return Risk

Index Each is comprised of futures on the relevant commodity. Price movements in the relevant commodity futures can be very they volatile; can change frequently and by large amounts. Prices are influenced by a number factors including, without limitation, changing supply and demand relationships, the price the underlying commodity, government policies and programs, political and economic events, changes in applicable interest rates and inflation rates and the emotions of market participants. of the relevant price commodity may also be correlated to some extent with the price of commodity, another so price movements in one commodity may also affect the price of another. The commodities markets are also to temporary subject trading suspensions, distortions or other due disruptions to various factors, including the lack of liquidity in the markets, the participation of speculators and regulation government intervention. Any of these factors (alone or in combination) may affect the price of commodity futures that comprise the Indices and therefore the level of the Indices and the payout on any product referencing Historical prices the Indices.

for commodity futures should not be considered to be indicative of future prices, the level of either Index or the amount that may be due under a product referencing an Index.

Roll Return Risk

Each Index is comprised $\circ f$ commodity futures with a variety of maturity dates (other than front month futures contracts in most circumstances) selected on the basis of historical interest. Each month, contracts that are (a) about to become the front month contract or cease to be available for trading (while being the front not contract); or (b) if the contract is front month contract, about to mature or cease to be available for trading, before the end of the next roll period will rolled into longer dated contracts. In addition, because the Indices are weighted by open interest, all monthly contracts included in the Indices will be re-weighted on a monthly basis, whether they are approaching maturity or close to becoming the front month contract (as the case may be) or not, to reflect the monthly change in their open interest. The re-weighting is achieved by rolling the monthly contracts included in the Indices into contracts with a different The act of replacing maturity. and re-weighting the commodity futures that comprise the Index will generate a profit or loss known as the "roll return" that will be reflected in the level of the Indices. This return will be affected by a number of factors including, without limitation, whether the prices of relevant longer dated contracts are more or less than the prices of the shorter dated contracts. If the prices of the relevant dated longer contracts

greater than the prices of the shorter dated contracts then the roll return will generally be Conversely, if the negative. prices of the relevant longer dated contracts are less than the prices of the shorter dated contracts then the roll return will generally be positive. prices of commodity futures can be volatile and the roll return generated by rolling commodity futures included in the will have an effect, which may therefore be positive or negative, on the level of the Index.

Diversification

Diversification is generally considered to reduce the amount of risk associated with investment returns. The Indices only contain NYMEX Crude Oil commodity futures with different maturities. Therefore, there can be no assurance that the Indices are diversified.

Excess or Total Return

The total return generated by investing in commodity futures comes from three sources: changes in the price of commodity futures (which is known the "price return"), profits and/or losses realised by rolling the commodity futures (which is known as the "roll return") and, (c) interest earned any cash deposited collateral or margin for purchase of the commodity futures is (which known as "collateral return").

The excess return index measures the returns accrued from investing in uncollateralized futures or, in other words, the sum of the price return and the roll return associated with an investment in and the roll of commodity futures. It does not

reflect the collateral return that would be generated by a direct investment in commodity futures. To buy some assets, for shares, example you must generally pay the full purchase price upfront. However, futures can generally be purchased by a fraction posting of purchase price as collateral or margin with your broker. You can therefore put the cash you don't need to purchase the futures to use elsewhere and you may earn a return on that cash. Any such return is not reflected in the Index.

The total return index measures returns accrued from collateralized investing in futures or, in other words, the sum of the price return, the roll return and the collateral return associated with an investment in and the roll of commodity futures. Index assumes that collateral return is based on the 91-day auction high rate for U.S. Treasury Bills. This may not be the same return you would get if you were investing directly in commodity futures.

Weighting Limitations

Each Index is intended to be a benchmark weighted across relevant commodity futures curve by open interest (other than front month futures contracts in most circumstances) so that it is representative of the investment opportunities in the relevant commodity futures mar However, it is impossible market. weight by actual open interest because those figures cannot be at the time determined the weightings are calculated. Index is therefore weighted using historical average open interest figures, averaged over previous three years. A three year average was chosen by the

Index Calculation Agent to capture structural and cyclical shifts in liquidity and filter any short term anomalies. there can However, be that the historical assurance average open interest figures will resemble the actual open for any interest commodity futures contract and therefore that the Indices will reflect the actual investment opportunities in the market.

The level of each Index

The level of the Index is determined on each Scheduled Index Valuation Day (as defined in the Index Rules). However, the Index Calculation Agent will still publish the level of such Index even if a settlement price is not available on a given day for a particular futures contract. a settlement price is not available, the Index Calculation Agent will use the most recently price available settlement determine the level of such Index. In these circumstances the level of the relevant Index will only approximate the actual performance of the commodity futures that comprise the relevant Index.

The price of commodity futures can be volatile and the level of the Indices may therefore vary considerably over time. It may go down as well as up and the past performance of the Indices should not be considered to be an indication of the future performance of the Indices.

Continuity of the Indices

The Index Calculation Agent is under no obligation to continue the calculation, publication and dissemination of the Indices. Should the Index or Indices cease

to exist, this may have a negative impact on the return of any product linked to such Index.

Index Modification or Cancellation

The occurrence of certain events which affect the ability to use commodity futures for hedging may lead purposes to modification or even cancellation of an Index by the Index Calculation Agent. events include (but are limited to): a change in which makes it unlawful to hold, acquire or dispose of commodity future comprising Index, a lowering in allowable position limits by a trading facility on a certain commodity future which causes positions held on such commodity future to be exceeded, any suspension or limitation imposed on trading commodity futures or any event that causes trading in commodity futures to cease. In the event of such occurring, the Index Calculation Agent choose to modify the Index by either replacing a commodity future included in the Index with another commodity future excluding а commodity future included in the Index. replacement or exclusion of commodity future may adversely affect the level of the Index and consequently, the value of product linked to the Indices. certain circumstances, Index Calculation Agent may also decide that it is necessary to cancel the Index.

Amendment to the Index Rules

The J.P. Morgan Commodity Curve Index Rules (the "Index Rules") may be amended from time to time by the Index Calculation Agent. Any such amendment may have an

effect, positive or negative, on the level of the Indices.

Index Calculation Agent Discretion

Subject to the approval from the JPMCCI Supervisory Committee, the Calculation Agent responsible for all calculations and determinations related to the Indices. The Index Calculation a certain Agent may exercise amount of discretion in making these calculations and determinations. The exercise of discretion may have adverse impact on the level of the Indices and therefore on the return on any product linked to the Indices.

The Index Calculation Agent may exercise discretion in determinations bearing composition of the Indices. example, futures on a particular commodity may trade on more than one exchange. Ιf the Index Calculation Agent determines, in its discretion, that the terms and conditions of both contracts are sufficiently similar and they are both eligible to be included Index, the an Index Calculation Agent will, generally speaking, only include contracts from the exchange with the greatest open interest, but the Index Rules (available at www.jpmorgan.com/jpmcci) do not preclude both contracts being included. Moreover, if the Index Calculation Agent determines that the contracts are sufficiently similar, it may decide, in its discretion, to allocate the open figures for interest contracts excluded from the relevant Index to the contracts included in the relevant Index thereby increasing the weight allocated to the contracts included in the relevant Index. Although the Index Calculation Agent will make this determination with the intention of improving the representative nature of the relevant Index, the exercise of such discretion may have a negative impact on the level of the relevant Index and therefore on the return of any products linked to the Indices.

The Index Calculation Agent is also responsible for calculating and publishing the level of the Indices. The level of each Index will reflect the prices of the commodity futures included such Index. In the event that published price by exchange for a particular futures contract is subsequently corrected, the Index Calculation Agent may, if it determines in discretion that it. practicable and the correction is material, correct the level of the relevant Index in respect of the relevant days to reflect the price correction. A correction will only be made if the Index Calculation Agent determines, in its discretion, that the price correction is material and it is practicable to make correction to the level of the relevant Index. The exercise of this discretion will therefore affect the level of the relevant Index.

The foregoing is not meant to be list of exhaustive the discretion that the Index Calculation Agent may exercise in relation to the Indices. only meant to illustrate some of in which the the areas Index Calculation Agent may exercise discretion and provide indication of how the exercise of such discretion may impact the of level the Indices and therefore the return on products linked to the Indices. Investors should refer to Rules and read them carefully to ensure they understand when and how the Index Calculation Agent may exercise discretion in relation to the Indices.

All calculations and determinations made by the Index Calculation Agent in relation to the composition of the Indices subject to review are and approval by the JPMCCI Supervisory Committee that will, in exceptional except circumstances, always be composed at least three (3) voting members, each of whom shall be appointed by the Calculation Agent. Each voting member of the JPMCCI Supervisory Committee shall be independent. For these purposes "independent" that the individual means question is either (a) an employee of the Global Index Research Group (such person, a "GIRG Member"), a "walled off", non-broker dealer entity within JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association or (b) not employee, officer, director, agent or affiliate of JPMorgan & Co. Chase or any of affiliates (such person, a "Third Party Unaffiliated Member") and does not have a personal direct financial interest in the Indices product directly any referencing one or more of the Indices for as long as they serve as a voting member of the JPMCCI Supervisory Committee. JPMCCI Supervisory Committee must have at all times at least two Third Party Unaffiliated Members and at least one GIRG Member. Each decision made by the JPMCCI Supervisory Committee must approved by at least one Third Party Unaffiliated Member to be effective. All voting members of the JPMCCI Supervisory Committee knowledgeable shall be about commodity futures and the commodities markets in general, the determined by Index

Calculation Agent in a good faith commercially and reasonable manner. The Index Calculation Agent may from time to time add or remove voting members of the JPMCCI Supervisory Committee; provided that such addition removal is а result of specific particular vote of a committee member.

Potential Conflicts of Interest

Potential conflicts of interest may exist in the structure and operation of the Indices and the of normal business course activities for the Index Calculation Agent or any of its affiliates subsidiaries or their respective directors, officers, employees, representatives, delegates agents of their normal business activities.

During the course of their normal business, the Index Calculation Agent or any of its affiliates or subsidiaries or their respective directors, officers, employees, representatives, delegates agents may enter into or promote, offer or sell transactions investments (structured otherwise) linked to the Indices or any of their components. addition, any of the foregoing entities or persons may have, or had, may have interests positions, or may buy, sell or otherwise trade positions in or relating to the Indices or any of their components, or may invest or engage in transactions with other persons, or on behalf of such persons relating to any of these items. Such activity could give rise to a conflict interest, and such conflict may impact, positive have an negative, on the level of Indices. Neither the Index Calculation Agent nor any of its affiliates or subsidiaries

their respective directors, officers, employees, representatives, delegates or agents has any duty to consider the circumstances of any person when participating in such transactions or to conduct themselves in a manner that is favourable to anyone with exposure to the Indices through any product referencing the Indices.

The foregoing list of risk factors is not intended to be exhaustive. All persons should seek such advice as they consider necessary from their professional advisors, legal, tax or otherwise, without reliance on the Issuer, the Index Calculation Agent or any of their affiliates or subsidiaries or any of their respective directors, officers, employees, representatives, delegates or agents.

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