

Company No.

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J.P. MORGAN CHASE BANK BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

BASEL 2 PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

2047A7/nm

Company No.

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J.P. MORGAN CHASE BANK BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

BASEL 2 PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

1 OVERVIEW

The Pillar 3 Disclosures is governed under the Bank Negara Malaysia (“BNM”)’s revised Risk-Weighted Capital Adequacy Framework (“RWCAF”) – Pillar 3, which aims to enhance transparency of financial institution activities and risks by setting minimum disclosure standards on risk exposures, risk management practices and capital adequacy.

2 SCOPE OF APPLICATION

The Pillar 3 Disclosures attached herewith relates to J.P. Morgan Chase Bank Berhad (“the Bank”) only.

The capital adequacy ratios of the Bank are computed in accordance with BNM’s revised RWCAF – Basel II. The Bank has adopted the Standardised Approach for credit risk and market risk, and Basic Indicator Approach for operational risk.

During the financial year, the Bank did not experience any restrictions or impediments in the transfer of funds or regulatory capital and did not report any capital deficiencies.

3 CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND ADEQUACY

The Bank aims to maintain appropriate capital levels relative to regulatory minimum requirements and to maintain an adequate buffer to accommodate future business growth plans. The capital adequacy position, together with the results of the stress testing on material risks, are reviewed on a monthly basis and tabled to the Risk/Asset & Liability Committee for deliberation.

The Bank’s regulatory capital is determined under BNM’s revised RWCAF – Basel II and the capital adequacy ratios were higher than BNM’s minimum requirements.

The following table presents the capital adequacy ratio and risk-weighted assets as at 31 December 2016.

Company No.

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J.P. MORGAN CHASE BANK BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

BASEL 2 PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

3 CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND ADEQUACY (CONTINUED)

The capital adequacy ratios of the Bank are computed in accordance with Bank Negara Malaysia's revised Risk-Weighted Capital Adequacy Framework: Standardised Approach for Credit and Market Risk, and Basic Indicator Approach for Operational Risk (Basel II).

The capital adequacy ratios of the Bank are as follows:

| | <u>31.12.2016</u> RM'000 | <u>31.12.2015</u> RM'000 |
|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| <u>Tier-I capital</u> | | |
| Paid-up share capital | 85,500 | 85,500 |
| Share premium | 42,000 | 42,000 |
| Retained earnings | 734,627 | 660,385 |
| Fair value reserve – available-for-sale securities | 252 | 1,332 |
| Option reserve | 15,914 | 11,890 |
| Statutory reserve | 97,778 | 97,778 |
| | <u>976,071</u> | <u>898,885</u> |
| Deferred tax assets | (2,403) | (1,177) |
| Available-for-sale securities | (138) | (733) |
| Total Tier I capital | <u>973,530</u> | <u>896,975</u> |
| <u>Tier-II capital</u> | | |
| Regulatory reserve | 6,379 | 2,384 |
| Collective assessment allowance | 1,053 | 1,603 |
| Total Tier II capital | <u>7,432</u> | <u>3,987</u> |
| Total capital | <u>980,962</u> | <u>900,962</u> |
| Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio | 19.842% | 20.960% |
| Tier 1 capital ratio | 19.842% | 20.960% |
| Total capital ratio | <u>19.993%</u> | <u>21.053%</u> |

J.P. MORGAN CHASE BANK BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

BASEL 2 PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

3 CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND ADEQUACY (CONTINUED)

Total risk weighted assets and capital requirements as at 31 December 2016:

| <u>Exposure Class</u> | <u>Gross exposures</u> RM'000 | <u>Net exposures</u> RM'000 | <u>Risk weighted assets</u> RM'000 | <u>Capital requirements</u> RM'000 |
|--|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| (a) <u>Credit Risk</u> | | | | |
| On-balance sheet exposures | | | | |
| Sovereigns/central banks | 4,523,241 | 4,523,241 | 89,732 | 7,179 |
| Banks | 1,069,456 | 1,069,456 | 213,891 | 17,111 |
| Insurance companies, securities firms and fund managers | 622,541 | 622,541 | 314,902 | 25,192 |
| Corporates | 619,312 | 619,312 | 618,570 | 49,486 |
| Residential mortgages | 1,229 | 1,229 | 434 | 35 |
| Higher risk assets | 17 | 17 | 26 | 2 |
| Other assets | 27,989 | 27,989 | 27,357 | 2,189 |
| Defaulted exposures | 123 | 123 | 123 | 10 |
| Total on-balance sheet exposures | 6,863,908 | 6,863,908 | 1,265,035 | 101,204 |
| Off-balance sheet exposures | | | | |
| Over-the-counter ('OTC') derivatives | 2,717,421 | 2,717,421 | 1,266,361 | 101,309 |
| Off balance sheet exposures other than OTC derivatives | 396,105 | 396,105 | 381,145 | 30,492 |
| Total off-balance sheet exposures | 3,113,526 | 3,113,526 | 1,647,506 | 131,801 |
| Total on and off-balance sheet exposures | 9,977,434 | 9,977,434 | 2,912,541 | 233,005 |
| | <u>Long position</u> | <u>Short position</u> | | |
| (b) <u>Market risk</u> | | | | |
| Interest rate risk | 81,390,360 | 81,613,133 | 1,453,306 | 116,265 |
| Equity position risk | | | 1,000 | 80 |
| Foreign currency risk | 6,214 | 11 | 6,213 | 497 |
| Options risk | | | 150,900 | 12,072 |
| (c) <u>Operational risk</u> | | | 382,539 | 30,603 |
| Total risk weighted assets and capital requirements | | | 4,906,499 | 392,522 |

J.P. MORGAN CHASE BANK BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

BASEL 2 PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

3 CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND ADEQUACY (CONTINUED)

Total risk weighted assets and capital requirements as at 31 December 2015:

| <u>Exposure Class</u> | <u>Gross exposures</u> RM'000 | <u>Net exposures</u> RM'000 | <u>Risk weighted assets</u> RM'000 | <u>Capital requirements</u> RM'000 |
|---|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| (a) <u>Credit Risk</u> | | | | |
| On-balance sheet exposures | | | | |
| Sovereigns/central banks | 5,987,358 | 5,987,358 | - | - |
| Banks | 2,672,540 | 2,672,540 | 534,508 | 42,761 |
| Insurance companies, securities firms and fund managers | 20,273 | 20,273 | 20,273 | 1,622 |
| Corporates | 318,547 | 318,547 | 318,469 | 25,478 |
| Residential mortgages | 1,971 | 1,971 | 702 | 56 |
| Higher risk assets | 14 | 14 | 21 | 2 |
| Other assets | 18,381 | 18,381 | 17,924 | 1,434 |
| Defaulted exposures | 171 | 171 | 191 | 15 |
| Total on-balance sheet exposures | 9,019,255 | 9,019,255 | 892,088 | 71,368 |
| Off-balance sheet exposures | | | | |
| Over-the-counter ('OTC') derivatives | 2,507,704 | 2,507,704 | 904,417 | 72,353 |
| Off balance sheet exposures other than OTC derivatives | 834,430 | 834,430 | 816,291 | 65,303 |
| Total off-balance sheet exposures | 3,342,134 | 3,342,134 | 1,720,708 | 137,656 |
| Total on and off-balance sheet exposures | 12,361,389 | 12,361,389 | 2,612,796 | 209,024 |
| | | <u>Long position</u> | <u>Short position</u> | |
| (b) <u>Market risk</u> | | | | |
| Interest rate risk | 71,951,713 | 72,864,657 | 1,034,207 | 82,737 |
| Equity position risk | | | 20,950 | 1,676 |
| Foreign currency risk | 19,162 | 99,507 | 99,513 | 7,961 |
| Options risk | | | 155,063 | 12,405 |
| (c) <u>Operational risk</u> | | | 356,876 | 28,550 |
| Total risk weighted assets and capital requirements | | | 4,279,405 | 342,353 |

J.P. MORGAN CHASE BANK BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

BASEL 2 PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

4 RISK MANAGEMENT**Risk Management Framework**

Risk is an inherent part of JPMorgan Chase & Co. (“JPMC”)’s business activities and the overall risk tolerance is established in the context of the earnings power, capital, and diversified business model. JPMC and the Bank’s risk management framework and governance structure are intended to provide comprehensive controls and an ongoing management of the major risks inherent in its business activities. It is also intended to create a culture of risk awareness and personal responsibility throughout Bank. The Bank’s ability to properly identify, to measure, to monitor and to report risk is critical to both its soundness and profitability.

Risk Governance

The Board of Directors (“BOD”) is ultimately responsible for the operations, conduct and the financial soundness of the Bank through competent management, reviewing and monitoring the objectives, strategies and business plans of the Bank, ensuring that proper controls are in place and that the business of the Bank is carried out with a high standard of integrity.

The Board Risk Committee (“BRC”) is responsible for oversight of the management’s responsibility to assess and manage the Bank’s credit risk, market risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk, operational risk, strategic risk and reputation risk. The Risk/Asset & Liability Committee (“RALCO”) is delegated by the BOD to be responsible for the overall risk management for the Bank.

The RALCO’s responsibilities include establishing, reviewing, monitoring and implementing policies and procedures and limits with regard to market risk, liquidity risk, credit risk, and generally the management of risk relating to the Bank. The RALCO also ensures a consistent approach to risk management and ensures appropriate procedures exist for the identification of risks and that suitable mechanisms exist to ensure risks are controlled and reported to management, BRC and BOD on a timely basis.

At management level, the Location Management Committee (“LMC”) has primary responsibility for corporate governance as well as to provide management oversight for the various businesses, from a performance, operational as well as control perspective.

The Audit Committee, supported by the Internal Audit Department, is responsible for oversight of guidelines and policies that govern the process by which risk assessment and management is undertaken. In addition, the Audit Committee reviews with management the system of internal controls and financial reporting that is relied upon to provide reasonable assurance of compliance with the Bank’s operational risk management processes.

Risk Measurement

The Bank measures risk using a variety of methodologies, including calculating probable loss, unexpected loss and value-at-risk, and by conducting stress tests and making comparisons to external benchmarks. Measurement models and related assumptions are routinely reviewed with the goal of ensuring that the Bank’s risk estimates are reasonable and reflect underlying positions.

Risk Reporting and Monitoring

Risk reporting and monitoring is executed on both a line of business and a consolidated basis. This information is reported to management on a regular basis. RALCO reviews and monitors any significant risk issues and reports to the BRC.

J.P. MORGAN CHASE BANK BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

BASEL 2 PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

5 CREDIT RISK

Credit risk is the risk of loss from obligor or counterparty default. The Bank provides credit (for example, through loans, lending-related commitments, guarantees and derivatives) to a variety of customers, from large corporate and institutional clients to the individual consumer. Credit risk management actively monitors the portfolio to ensure that it is well diversified across industry, geography, risk rating, maturity and individual client categories.

Credit Risk Management

The Bank follows the policies and practices established by JPMC's Credit Risk Policy Group and BNM's Best Practices for the Management of Credit Risk, to preserve the independence and integrity of the approval and decision-making process of extending credit, and to ensure credit risks are assessed accurately, approved properly, monitored regularly and managed actively at both the transaction and portfolio levels. The policy framework establishes credit approval authorities, concentration limits, risk-rating methodologies, portfolio review parameters and guidelines for management of distressed exposure. Management of the Bank's exposure is accomplished through a number of means including: loan syndication and participations, loan sales, use of master netting agreements and collaterals.

The Credit Risk function in the Bank is overseen by the Country Credit Officer ("CCO"). The CCO works closely with regional as well as Global Credit Risk Management teams to ensure that the credit exposure taken at the Bank is in line with the Bank's risk management policy framework.

There is a comprehensive credit authority framework in place which enables decision making to be escalated in response to the size and risk intensity of the request. There is adequate credit authority delegated to the CCO for smooth functioning of the overall portfolio and business needs. The CCO will review each new credit application and approve the credit if it is within the CCO's authority. If it is not within the CCO's authority, the CCO will make recommendation and submit to Regional, and the approval is subsequently ratified by the BOD.

Credit reviews varies with the profile of the exposure to a client, the internal risk grade for the client, and its risk dimensions such as industry and geography. Subject to these considerations, and the Credit Executive's judgement, credit reviews are usually expected to be done at least annually. Additional credit reviews may be triggered by Risk Reviews or external events.

5.1 Distribution of Credit Exposures

(i) Geographical Distribution

Credit risk exposure analysed by country in respect of the Bank's financial assets, including off-balance sheet financial instruments, are set out in the following table.

The country exposure analysis is based on the residency of the borrowers and counterparties. In respect of derivatives financial instruments, the amount subject to, and hence disclosed as, credit risk is limited to the current fair value of the instruments that are favourable to the Bank (i.e. assets).

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J.P. MORGAN CHASE BANK BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

BASEL 2 PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

5 CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

5.1 Distribution of Credit Exposures (continued)

(i) Geographical Distribution (continued)

31.12.2016

| | Short term funds and placements with financial <u>institutions</u> | Securities purchased under resale <u>agreement</u> | Financial assets held for <u>trading</u> | Derivative financial <u>instruments</u> | Financial assets available- <u>for-sale</u> | Loans and <u>advances</u> | Amount due from related <u>parties</u> | Other <u>assets*</u> | On balance <u>sheet total</u> | Commitments and <u>contingencies</u> |
|----------------|---|---|---|---|--|---------------------------------|---|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| Malaysia | 3,899,490 | 602,550 | 690,442 | 819,486 | 140,963 | 571,614 | - | 43,430 | 6,767,975 | 2,713,087 |
| United Kingdom | - | - | - | 35,719 | - | - | 9,627 | - | 45,346 | 223,286 |
| USA | - | - | - | 2,801 | - | - | 891,804 | 39 | 894,644 | 74,794 |
| Hong Kong | - | - | - | 7,848 | - | - | 7,450 | 12 | 15,310 | 14,390 |
| Singapore | 7,405 | - | - | 26,001 | - | - | 362,290 | 253,294 | 648,990 | 42,552 |
| Others | 12,098 | - | 295,849 | 25,780 | - | 46,648 | 6,206 | - | 386,581 | 45,417 |
| | <u>3,918,993</u> | <u>602,550</u> | <u>986,291</u> | <u>917,635</u> | <u>140,963</u> | <u>618,262</u> | <u>1,277,377</u> | <u>296,775</u> | <u>8,758,846</u> | <u>3,113,526</u> |

* Other assets include statutory deposits with Bank Negara Malaysia, tax recoverable deferred tax assets and fixed assets.

Risk concentrations for commitments and contingencies are based on the credit equivalent balances.

Company No.

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| 316347 | D |
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J.P. MORGAN CHASE BANK BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

BASEL 2 PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

5 CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

5.1 Distribution of Credit Exposures (continued)

(i) Geographical Distribution (continued)

31.12.2015

| | Short term funds and placements with financial <u>institutions</u> RM'000 | Securities purchased under resale <u>agreement</u> RM'000 | Financial assets held for <u>trading</u> RM'000 | Derivative financial <u>instruments</u> RM'000 | Financial assets available- <u>for-sale</u> RM'000 | Loans and <u>advances</u> RM'000 | Amount due from related <u>parties</u> RM'000 | Other <u>assets*</u> RM'000 | On balance <u>sheet total</u> RM'000 | Commitments and <u>contingencies</u> RM'000 |
|----------------|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| Malaysia | 5,399,140 | 428,117 | 20,309 | 872,659 | 142,192 | 326,037 | - | 80,177 | 7,268,631 | 2,822,866 |
| United Kingdom | - | - | - | 66,991 | - | - | 8,063 | - | 75,054 | 229,429 |
| USA | - | - | - | 5,104 | - | - | 2,438,948 | - | 2,444,052 | 154,196 |
| Hong Kong | - | - | - | 2,293 | - | - | 171 | - | 2,464 | 5,817 |
| Singapore | 15,334 | - | - | 34,433 | - | - | 292 | - | 50,059 | 87,798 |
| Others | 33,338 | - | - | 6,076 | - | 4,698 | 142,028 | - | 186,140 | 42,028 |
| | <u>5,447,812</u> | <u>428,117</u> | <u>20,309</u> | <u>987,556</u> | <u>142,192</u> | <u>330,735</u> | <u>2,589,502</u> | <u>80,177</u> | <u>10,026,400</u> | <u>3,342,134</u> |

* Other assets include statutory deposits with Bank Negara Malaysia, tax recoverable deferred tax assets and fixed assets.

Risk concentrations for commitments and contingencies are based on the credit equivalent balances.

Company No.

316347

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J.P. MORGAN CHASE BANK BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

BASEL 2 PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

5 CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

5.1 Distribution of Credit Exposures (continued)

(ii) Industry Distribution

Credit risk exposure analysed by industry sectors in respect of the Bank's financial assets, including off-balance sheet financial instruments, are set out in the following table.

The industry sector exposure analysis is based on the industry sector of the borrowers and counterparties. In respect of derivatives financial instruments, the amount subject to, and hence disclosed as, credit risk is limited to the current fair value of the instruments that are favourable to the Bank (i.e. assets).

Company No.

316347

D

J.P. MORGAN CHASE BANK BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

BASEL 2 PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

5 CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

5.1 Distribution of Credit Exposures (continued)

(ii) Industry Distribution (continued)

31.12.2016

| | Short term funds and placements with financial <u>institutions</u> | Securities purchased under resale <u>agreement</u> | Financial assets held for <u>trading</u> | Derivative financial <u>instruments</u> | Financial assets available- <u>for-sale</u> | Loans and <u>advances*</u> | Amount due from related <u>parties</u> | Other <u>assets**</u> | On balance <u>sheet total</u> | Commitments and <u>contingencies</u> |
|--|---|---|---|---|--|----------------------------------|---|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| Manufacturing | - | - | - | 43,407 | - | 270,256 | - | - | 313,663 | 240,512 |
| Wholesale and retail | - | - | - | 94 | - | - | - | - | 94 | 2,307 |
| Finance, insurance and business services | 153,426 | - | 396,398 | 620,541 | - | 257,499 | 1,277,377 | 261,563 | 2,966,804 | 2,286,175 |
| Government and Government Agencies | 3,764,935 | 602,550 | 589,343 | 76,923 | 140,963 | - | - | 10,727 | 5,185,991 | 110,868 |
| Electricity, gas and water | - | - | - | 166,218 | - | - | - | - | 166,218 | 454,790 |
| Transport, storage and communication | - | - | - | 3 | - | 89,897 | - | 12 | 89,912 | 878 |

Company No.

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| 316347 | D |
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J.P. MORGAN CHASE BANK BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

BASEL 2 PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

5 CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

5.1 Distribution of Credit Exposures (continued)

(ii) Industry Distribution (continued)

31.12.2016

| | Short term funds and placements with financial institutions | Securities purchased under resale agreement | Financial assets held for trading | Derivative financial instruments | Financial assets available- for-sale | Loans and advances* | Amount due from related parties | Other assets** | On balance sheet total | Commitments and contingencies |
|--|--|--|--|--|---|---------------------------|--|-----------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| Individual/Purchase of landed property - residential | - | - | - | - | - | 1,630 | - | - | 1,630 | 231 |
| Consumption credit | - | - | - | - | - | 31 | - | - | 31 | - |
| Others | - | - | - | 10,449 | - | 2 | - | 11,881 | 22,332 | 17,765 |
| | <u>3,918,361</u> | <u>602,550</u> | <u>986,291</u> | <u>917,635</u> | <u>140,963</u> | <u>619,315</u> | <u>1,277,377</u> | <u>284,183</u> | <u>8,746,930</u> | <u>3,113,526</u> |
| Assets not subject to credit risk | 632 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 12,592 | 13,224 | - |
| | <u><u>3,918,993</u></u> | <u><u>602,550</u></u> | <u><u>986,291</u></u> | <u><u>917,635</u></u> | <u><u>140,963</u></u> | <u><u>619,315</u></u> | <u><u>1,277,377</u></u> | <u><u>296,775</u></u> | <u><u>8,760,154</u></u> | <u><u>3,113,526</u></u> |

* Excludes collective assessment allowance amounting to RM1,053,000.

** Other assets include tax recoverable, fixed assets and statutory deposits with Bank Negara Malaysia.

Risk concentrations for commitments and contingencies are based on the credit equivalent balances.

Company No.

316347

D

J.P. MORGAN CHASE BANK BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

BASEL 2 PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

5 CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

5.1 Distribution of Credit Exposures (continued)

(ii) Industry Distribution (continued)

31.12.2015

| | Short term funds and placements with financial <u>institutions</u> RM'000 | Securities purchased under resale <u>agreement</u> RM'000 | Financial assets held for <u>trading</u> RM'000 | Derivative financial <u>instruments</u> RM'000 | Financial assets available- <u>for-sale</u> RM'000 | Loans and <u>advances*</u> RM'000 | Amount due from related <u>parties</u> RM'000 | Other <u>assets**</u> RM'000 | On balance <u>sheet total</u> RM'000 | Commitments and <u>contingencies</u> RM'000 |
|--|---|---|---|---|--|--|---|------------------------------------|---|--|
| Manufacturing | - | - | - | 110,574 | - | 190,470 | - | - | 301,044 | 570,124 |
| Wholesale and retail | - | - | - | 8,107 | - | - | - | - | 8,107 | 17,118 |
| Finance, insurance and business services | 100,929 | - | 20,309 | 635,673 | - | 139,306 | 2,589,502 | 5,661 | 3,491,380 | 2,031,980 |
| Government and Government Agencies | 5,346,426 | 428,117 | - | 97,770 | 142,192 | - | - | 58,296 | 6,072,801 | 135,973 |
| Electricity, gas and water | - | - | - | 127,267 | - | - | - | - | 127,267 | 571,123 |

Company No.

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| 316347 | D |
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J.P. MORGAN CHASE BANK BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

BASEL 2 PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

5 CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

5.1 Distribution of Credit Exposures (continued)

(ii) Industry Distribution (continued)

31.12.2015

| | Short term funds and placements with financial institutions | Securities purchased under resale agreement | Financial assets held for trading | Derivative financial instruments | Financial assets available- for-sale | Loans and advances* | Amount due from related parties | Other assets** | On balance sheet total | Commitments and contingencies |
|--|--|--|--|--|---|---------------------------|--|-------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| Individual/Purchase of landed property - residential | - | - | - | - | - | 2,418 | - | - | 2,418 | 226 |
| Consumption credit | - | - | - | - | - | 45 | - | - | 45 | - |
| Others | - | - | - | 8,165 | - | 99 | - | - | 8,265 | 15,590 |
| | <u>5,447,355</u> | <u>428,117</u> | <u>20,309</u> | <u>987,556</u> | <u>142,192</u> | <u>332,338</u> | <u>2,589,502</u> | <u>63,957</u> | <u>10,011,326</u> | <u>3,342,134</u> |
| Assets not subject to credit risk | 457 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 16,220 | 16,677 | - |
| | <u>5,447,812</u> | <u>428,117</u> | <u>20,309</u> | <u>987,556</u> | <u>142,192</u> | <u>332,338</u> | <u>2,589,502</u> | <u>80,177</u> | <u>10,028,003</u> | <u>3,342,134</u> |

* Excludes collective assessment allowance amounting to RM1,603,000.

** Other assets include tax recoverable, fixed assets and statutory deposits with Bank Negara Malaysia.

Risk concentrations for commitments and contingencies are based on the credit equivalent balances.

J.P. MORGAN CHASE BANK BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

BASEL 2 PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

5 CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

5.1 Distribution of Credit Exposures (continued)

(iii) Residual Contractual Maturity

Credit risk exposure analysed by residual contractual maturity in respect of the Bank's financial assets, including off-balance sheet financial instruments, are set out in the following table.

| | <u>Less than</u> <u>1 year</u> RM'000 | <u>1 – 5</u> <u>years</u> RM'000 | <u>Over 5</u> <u>years</u> RM'000 | <u>Total</u> RM'000 |
|--|---|--|---|--------------------------|
| <u>31.12.2016</u> | | | | |
| <i>On-balance sheet exposures</i> | | | | |
| Cash and short-term funds | 3,918,993 | - | - | 3,918,993 |
| Securities purchased under resale agreement | 602,550 | - | - | 602,550 |
| Financial assets held for trading | 665,733 | 174,817 | 145,741 | 986,291 |
| Derivative financial instruments | 639,865 | 182,597 | 95,173 | 917,635 |
| Financial assets available-for-sale | 140,963 | - | - | 140,963 |
| Loans and advances | 616,623 | 314 | 1,325 | 618,262 |
| Amount due from related parties | 1,277,377 | - | - | 1,277,377 |
| Total on-balance sheet exposures | <u>7,862,104</u> | <u>357,728</u> | <u>242,239</u> | <u>8,462,071</u> |
| <i>Off-balance sheet exposures</i> | | | | |
| Over-the-counter ('OTC') derivatives | 1,075,218 | 1,313,845 | 328,358 | 2,717,421 |
| Off balance sheet exposures other than OTC derivatives | 310,164 | 85,941 | - | 396,105 |
| Total off-balance sheet exposures | <u>1,385,382</u> | <u>1,399,786</u> | <u>328,358</u> | <u>3,113,526</u> |
| Total on and off-balance sheet exposures | <u><u>9,247,486</u></u> | <u><u>1,757,514</u></u> | <u><u>570,597</u></u> | <u><u>11,575,597</u></u> |

J.P. MORGAN CHASE BANK BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

BASEL 2 PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

5 CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

5.1 Distribution of Credit Exposures (continued)

(iii) Residual Contractual Maturity (continued)

| | Less than <u>1 year</u> RM'000 | 1 – 5 <u>years</u> RM'000 | Over 5 <u>years</u> RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
|--|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| <u>31.12.2015</u> | | | | |
| <i>On-balance sheet exposures</i> | | | | |
| Cash and short-term funds | 5,447,812 | - | - | 5,447,812 |
| Securities purchased under resale agreement | 428,117 | - | - | 428,117 |
| Financial assets held for trading | 20,309 | - | - | 20,309 |
| Derivative financial instruments | 591,934 | 336,423 | 59,199 | 987,556 |
| Financial assets available-for-sale | - | 142,192 | - | 142,192 |
| Loans and advances | 328,147 | 447 | 2,141 | 330,735 |
| Amount due from related parties | 2,589,502 | - | - | 2,589,502 |
| Total on-balance sheet exposures | <u>9,405,821</u> | <u>479,062</u> | <u>61,340</u> | <u>9,946,223</u> |
| <i>Off-balance sheet exposures</i> | | | | |
| Over-the-counter ('OTC') derivatives | 1,123,705 | 1,195,966 | 188,033 | 2,507,704 |
| Off balance sheet exposures other than OTC derivatives | 406,730 | 361,501 | 66,199 | 834,430 |
| Total off-balance sheet exposures | <u>1,530,435</u> | <u>1,557,467</u> | <u>254,232</u> | <u>3,342,134</u> |
| Total on and off-balance sheet exposures | <u><u>10,936,256</u></u> | <u><u>2,036,529</u></u> | <u><u>315,572</u></u> | <u><u>13,288,357</u></u> |

Company No.

316347

D

J.P. MORGAN CHASE BANK BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

BASEL 2 PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

5 CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

5.2 Past Due and Impaired Loans and Advances

Past due accounts are loan accounts with any interest or principal payments due and not paid, but are not classified as impaired. Loans are classified as impaired if the judgemental or mandatory triggers are triggered.

Impairment losses are incurred if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more loss events that occurred. Evidence of impairment may include indications that the borrower is experiencing significant financial difficulty, delinquency in interest or principal payments, probability that they will enter bankruptcy and where observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows.

The Bank first assesses whether objective evidence of impairment exists individually for loans and advances that are individually significant, and individually or collectively for loans and advances that are not individually significant. If the Bank determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed loans and advances, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of loans and advances with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment.

For the collective evaluation of impairment, loans and advances are grouped on the basis of similar risk characteristics, taking into account asset type, industry, geographical location, collateral type, past due status and other relevant factors. These characteristics are relevant to the estimation of future cash flows for groups of such assets by being indicative of the counterparty's ability to pay all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the assets being evaluated.

J.P. MORGAN CHASE BANK BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

BASEL 2 PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

5 CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

5.2 Past Due and Impaired Loans and Advances (continued)

(i) Industry Distribution

The sectoral analysis of past due and impaired loans and advances and the individual and collective assessment allowance by sectors are set out in the following table:

| | Past due loans and advances | Impaired loans and advances | Individual impairment allowance | Collective impairment allowance | Individual impairment during the year | Write offs during the year |
|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| <u>31 Dec 2016</u> | | | | | | |
| Agricultural | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Mining and Quarrying | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Manufacturing | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Construction | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Transport, storage and communications | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Finance, insurance, business services | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Government and Government Agencies | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Individual/Purchase of landed property – residential | - | 123 | 45 | 1,053 | (3) | - |
| Electricity, gas and water | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Household | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Others | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | <u>-</u> | <u>123</u> | <u>45</u> | <u>1,053</u> | <u>(3)</u> | <u>-</u> |
| <u>31 Dec 2015</u> | | | | | | |
| Agricultural | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Mining and Quarrying | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Manufacturing | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Construction | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Transport, storage and communications | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Finance, insurance, business services | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Government and Government Agencies | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Individual/Purchase of landed property – residential | - | 171 | 48 | 1,603 | (8) | 4 |
| Electricity, gas and water | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Household | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Others | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | <u>-</u> | <u>171</u> | <u>48</u> | <u>1,603</u> | <u>(8)</u> | <u>4</u> |

J.P. MORGAN CHASE BANK BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

BASEL 2 PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

5 CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

5.2 Past Due and Impaired Loans and Advances (continued)

(ii) Geographical Distribution

The geographical analysis of past due and impaired loans and advances and the individual and collective assessment allowance are set out in the following table:

| | Past due loans and advances RM'000 | Impaired loans and advances RM'000 | Individual impairment allowance RM'000 | Collective impairment allowance RM'000 |
|--------------------|---|---|---|---|
| <u>31 Dec 2016</u> | | | | |
| Malaysia | - | 123 | 45 | 1,053 |
| <u>31 Dec 2015</u> | | | | |
| Malaysia | - | 171 | 48 | 1,603 |

(iii) Movements in allowance for impaired loans and advances

| | <u>31.12.2016</u> RM'000 | <u>31.12.2015</u> RM'000 |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| <u>Individual assessment allowance</u> | | |
| At 1 January | 48 | 56 |
| Allowance written back during the financial year | (3) | (8) |
| Balance at end of financial year | 45 | 48 |
| <u>Collective assessment allowance</u> | | |
| At 1 January | 1,603 | 692 |
| (Written back)/allowance made during the financial year | (550) | 911 |
| Balance at end of financial year | 1,053 | 1,603 |

Company No.

316347

D

J.P. MORGAN CHASE BANK BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

BASEL 2 PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

5 CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

5.3 Credit Risk Exposures under Standardised Approach

The Bank applies external ratings assigned by recognised External Credit Assessment Institutions (“ECAIs”) in determining risk weight for credit exposure classes and are recognised by BNM in RWCAF. The Bank uses ratings assigned by Standard & Poor’s (“S&P”), Moody’s Investors Service (“Moody’s”) and Fitch Ratings (“Fitch”).

The following tables set out the credit exposures by risk weights and after credit risk mitigation:

Risk weight as at 31 December 2016 for credit risk exposures:

| <u>Weighted</u> | <u>Sovereigns & Central bank</u> RM'000 | <u>PSE</u> RM'000 | <u>Banks</u> RM'000 | <u>Insurance companies, securities firms and funds managers</u> RM'000 | <u>Corporates</u> RM'000 | <u>Residential mortgages</u> RM'000 | <u>Higher risk assets</u> RM'000 | <u>Other assets</u> RM'000 | <u>Total exposures after netting and credit risk</u> RM'000 | <u>Total risk weighted assets</u> RM'000 |
|-----------------|--|----------------------|------------------------|---|-----------------------------|--|---|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| 0% | 4,074,620 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 632 | 4,075,252 | - |
| 20% | 448,661 | 110,828 | 2,069,991 | - | - | - | - | - | 2,629,480 | 525,896 |
| 35% | - | - | - | - | - | 1,201 | - | - | 1,201 | 420 |
| 50% | - | - | 1,067,065 | 702,003 | 1,321 | 28 | - | - | 1,770,417 | 885,209 |
| 75% | - | - | - | - | 306 | - | - | - | 306 | 230 |
| 100% | - | - | - | 125,681 | 1,347,600 | 123 | - | 27,357 | 1,500,761 | 1,500,761 |
| 150% | - | - | - | - | - | - | 17 | - | 17 | 25 |
| Total | 4,523,281 | 110,828 | 3,137,056 | 827,684 | 1,349,227 | 1,352 | 17 | 27,989 | 9,977,434 | 2,912,541 |

Company No.

316347

D

J.P. MORGAN CHASE BANK BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

BASEL 2 PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

5 CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

5.3 Credit Risk Exposures under Standardised Approach (continued)

Risk weight as at 31 December 2015 for credit risk exposures:

| <u>Weighted</u> | <u>Sovereigns & Central bank</u> RM'000 | <u>PSE</u> RM'000 | <u>Banks</u> RM'000 | <u>Insurance companies, securities firms and funds managers</u> RM'000 | <u>Corporates</u> RM'000 | <u>Residential mortgages</u> RM'000 | <u>Higher risk assets</u> RM'000 | <u>Other assets</u> RM'000 | <u>Total exposures after netting and credit risk</u> RM'000 | <u>Total risk weighted assets</u> RM'000 |
|-----------------|--|----------------------|------------------------|---|-----------------------------|--|---|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| 0% | 5,987,358 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 457 | 5,987,815 | - |
| 20% | - | 135,973 | 4,563,348 | - | - | - | - | - | 4,699,321 | 939,864 |
| 35% | - | - | - | - | - | 1,888 | - | - | 1,888 | 661 |
| 50% | - | - | - | - | - | 83 | - | - | 83 | 42 |
| 75% | - | - | - | - | 312 | - | - | - | 315 | 236 |
| 100% | - | - | - | 108,940 | 1,544,924 | 131 | - | 17,923 | 1,671,915 | 1,671,915 |
| 150% | - | - | - | - | 38 | - | 14 | - | 52 | 78 |
| Total | 5,987,358 | 135,973 | 4,563,348 | 108,940 | 1,545,274 | 2,102 | 14 | 18,380 | 12,361,389 | 2,612,796 |

Company No.

| | |
|--------|---|
| 316347 | D |
|--------|---|

J.P. MORGAN CHASE BANK BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

BASEL 2 PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

5 CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

5.3 Credit Risk Exposures under Standardised Approach (continued)

The following tables set out the rated exposures according to rating by ECAIs:

(i) Ratings of corporate by approved ECAIs

| <u>Exposure class</u> | <u>Moody</u> | <u>Aaa to Aa3</u> | <u>A1 to A3</u> | <u>Baa1 to Ba3</u> | <u>B1 to C</u> | <u>Unrated</u> |
|---|------------------|-------------------|-----------------|--------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | <u>S & P</u> | <u>AAA to AA-</u> | <u>A+ to A-</u> | <u>BBB+ to BB-</u> | <u>B+ to D</u> | <u>Unrated</u> |
| | <u>Fitch</u> | <u>AAA to AA-</u> | <u>A+ to A-</u> | <u>BBB+ to BB-</u> | <u>B+ to D</u> | <u>Unrated</u> |
| | <u>RAM</u> | <u>AAA to AA3</u> | <u>A1 to A-</u> | <u>BBB1 to BB3</u> | <u>B to D</u> | <u>Unrated</u> |
| | <u>MARC</u> | <u>AAA to AA-</u> | <u>A+ to A-</u> | <u>BBB+ to BB-</u> | <u>B+ to D</u> | <u>Unrated</u> |
| | | <u>RM'000</u> | <u>RM'000</u> | <u>RM'000</u> | <u>RM'000</u> | <u>RM'000</u> |
| <u>31.12.2016</u> | | | | | | |
| On and Off: | | | | | | |
| Balance Sheet | | | | | | |
| Exposures | | | | | | |
| Public Sector Entities | | - | 110,828 | - | - | - |
| Insurance companies, securities firms and fund managers | | - | 716,163 | 111,521 | - | - |
| Corporates | | - | 146,499 | 918,176 | 283,982 | 570 |
| | | | <u>973,490</u> | <u>1,029,697</u> | <u>283,982</u> | <u>570</u> |
| <u>31.12.2015</u> | | | | | | |
| On and Off: | | | | | | |
| Balance Sheet | | | | | | |
| Exposures | | | | | | |
| Public Sector Entities | | - | 135,973 | - | - | - |
| Insurance companies, securities firms and fund managers | | - | 70,662 | 38,278 | - | - |
| Corporates | | - | 8,485 | 1,036,235 | 499,834 | 720 |
| | | - | <u>215,120</u> | <u>1,074,513</u> | <u>499,834</u> | <u>720</u> |

Company No.

| | |
|--------|---|
| 316347 | D |
|--------|---|

J.P. MORGAN CHASE BANK BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

BASEL 2 PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

5 CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

5.3 Credit Risk Exposures under Standardised Approach (continued)

(ii) Ratings of Sovereigns/Central Banks and Banking Institutions by approved ECAs

| <u>Exposure class</u> | <u>Moody</u> | <u>Aaa to Aa3</u> | <u>A1 to A3</u> | <u>Baa1 to Ba3</u> | <u>B1 to C</u> | <u>Unrated</u> |
|-----------------------|--------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | S & P | AAA to AA- | A+ to A- | BBB+ to BB- | B+ to D | Unrated |
| | Fitch | AAA to AA- | A+ to A- | BBB+ to BB- | B+ to D | Unrated |
| | RAM | AAA to AA3 | A1 to A- | BBB1 to BB3 | B to D | Unrated |
| | <u>MARC</u> | <u>AAA to AA-</u> | <u>A+ to A-</u> | <u>BBB+ to BB-</u> | <u>B+ to D</u> | <u>Unrated</u> |
| | | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| <u>31.12.2016</u> | | | | | | |
| On and Off: | | | | | | |
| Balance Sheet | | | | | | |
| Exposures | | | | | | |
| Sovereigns/Central | | | | | | |
| Banks | | - | 4,523,281 | - | - | - |
| Banks | | 1,038,642 | 1,977,741 | 120,652 | - | 21 |
| | | <u>1,038,642</u> | <u>6,501,022</u> | <u>120,652</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>21</u> |
| <u>31.12.2015</u> | | | | | | |
| On and Off: | | | | | | |
| Balance Sheet | | | | | | |
| Exposures | | | | | | |
| Sovereigns/Central | | | | | | |
| Banks | | - | 5,987,358 | - | - | - |
| Banks | | 741,028 | 3,641,648 | 165,604 | 15,068 | - |
| | | <u>741,028</u> | <u>9,629,006</u> | <u>165,604</u> | <u>15,068</u> | <u>-</u> |

Company No.

| | |
|--------|---|
| 316347 | D |
|--------|---|

J.P. MORGAN CHASE BANK BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

BASEL 2 PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

5 CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

5.4 Credit Risk Mitigation (“CRM”)

Management of the Bank’s exposure is accomplished through a number of means including: loan syndication and participations, loan sales, use of master netting agreements and collaterals.

(a) Collateral

The Bank takes collateral as a secondary recourse to the borrower. Collaterals include cash, securities and guarantees. The Bank may also take fixed and floating charges on assets of borrowers. It has put in place policies which governs the determination of eligibility of various collaterals to be considered for credit risk mitigation which includes the minimum operational requirements that are required for the specific collateral to be considered as effective risk mitigants. The collateral is revalued periodically depending on the type of collateral. The Bank generally considers the collateral assets to be diversified.

(b) Master netting arrangements

Master netting agreement is an agreement between two counterparties who have multiple derivative contracts with each other that provides for the net settlement of all contracts, as well as cash collateral, through a single payment, in a single currency, in the event of default on or termination of any one contract. It does not generally result in an offset of balance sheet assets and liabilities, as transactions are usually settled on a gross basis. The Bank’s overall exposure to credit risk on derivative instruments subject to master netting arrangements can change substantially within a short year, as it is affected by each transaction subject to the arrangement.

The Bank participates in the Derivative Credit Risk Master Insurance Policy where it pays a credit charge to its Head Office as a credit insurance protection for its derivative transactions. The head office credit portfolio management process includes entering into hedges using Credit Default Swaps (“CDS”), CDS Indices, Foreign Exchange, Interest Rate Swaps and through loan sales.

Company No.

| | |
|--------|---|
| 316347 | D |
|--------|---|

J.P. MORGAN CHASE BANK BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

BASEL 2 PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

5 CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

5.4 Credit Risk Mitigation (“CRM”) (continued)

The following tables set out the credit exposures that are covered by eligible guarantees and collaterals as allowed under the RWCAF.

| <u>31.12.2016</u> | <u>Exposures before CRM</u> RM'000 | <u>Exposures covered by guarantees/ credit derivatives</u> RM'000 | <u>Exposures covered by eligible financial collateral</u> RM'000 |
|--|---|--|---|
| <u>Exposure Class</u> | | | |
| <i>On-balance sheet exposures</i> | | | |
| Sovereigns/central banks | 4,523,241 | - | - |
| Banks | 1,069,456 | - | - |
| Insurance companies, securities firms and and fund managers | 622,541 | - | - |
| Corporates | 619,312 | - | - |
| Residential mortgages | 1,229 | - | - |
| Higher risk assets | 17 | - | - |
| Other assets | 27,989 | - | - |
| Defaulted exposures | 123 | - | - |
| Total on-balance sheet exposures | <u>6,863,908</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> |
| <i>Off-balance sheet exposures</i> | | | |
| Over-the-counter ('OTC') derivatives | 2,717,421 | 55,394 | 157,166 |
| Off balance sheet exposures other than OTC derivatives | 396,105 | - | - |
| Total off-balance sheet exposures | <u>3,113,526</u> | <u>55,394</u> | <u>157,166</u> |
| Total on and off-balance sheet exposures | <u><u>9,977,434</u></u> | <u><u>55,394</u></u> | <u><u>157,166</u></u> |

Company No.

| | |
|--------|---|
| 316347 | D |
|--------|---|

J.P. MORGAN CHASE BANK BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

BASEL 2 PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

5 CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

5.4 Credit Risk Mitigation (“CRM”) (continued)

| <u>31.12.2015</u> | <u>Exposures before CRM</u> RM'000 | <u>Exposures covered by guarantees/ credit derivatives</u> RM'000 | <u>Exposures covered by eligible financial collateral</u> RM'000 |
|--|---|--|---|
| <u>Exposure Class</u> | | | |
| <i>On-balance sheet exposures</i> | | | |
| Sovereigns/central banks | 5,987,358 | - | - |
| Banks | 2,672,540 | - | - |
| Insurance companies, securities firms and and fund managers | 20,273 | - | - |
| Corporates | 318,547 | - | - |
| Residential mortgages | 1,971 | - | - |
| Higher risk assets | 14 | - | - |
| Other assets | 18,381 | - | - |
| Defaulted exposures | 171 | - | - |
| Total on-balance sheet exposures | <u>9,019,255</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> |
| <i>Off-balance sheet exposures</i> | | | |
| Over-the-counter ('OTC') derivatives | 2,507,704 | 17,278 | 194,776 |
| Off balance sheet exposures other than OTC derivatives | 834,430 | - | - |
| Total off-balance sheet exposures | <u>3,342,134</u> | <u>17,278</u> | <u>194,776</u> |
| Total on and off-balance sheet exposures | <u><u>12,361,389</u></u> | <u><u>17,278</u></u> | <u><u>194,776</u></u> |

Company No.

316347

D

J.P. MORGAN CHASE BANK BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

BASEL 2 PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

5 CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

5.5 Off-Balance Sheet Exposures and Counterparty Credit Risk

Counterparty Credit Risk (“CCR”) is the risk that the counterparty to a transaction involving financial instruments such as foreign exchange and derivatives, could default before the final settlement of the transaction’s cash flows.

For derivatives, the Bank is not exposed to credit risk for the full face value of the contracts. The CCR is limited to the potential cost of replacing the cash-flow if the counterparty defaults. As such, the credit equivalent amount will depend on the maturity of the contract and on the volatility of the rates underlying that type of instrument.

Counterparty limits for the Bank are established at the individual counterparty level and are set based on the counterparty’s credit rating, tenor and size.

To mitigate the counterparty risk for derivative transactions, the Bank participates in the Derivative Credit Risk Master Insurance Policy where it pays a credit charge to its Head Office as a credit insurance protection for its derivative transactions. The head office credit portfolio management process includes entering into hedges using CDS, CDS Indices, Foreign Exchange, Interest Rate Swaps and through loan sales.

The counterparty risk is further mitigated via master netting agreements. Master netting agreement is an agreement between two counterparties who have multiple derivative contracts with each other that provides for the net settlement of all contracts, as well as cash collateral, through a single payment, in a single currency, in the event of default on or termination of any one contract. It does not generally result in an offset of balance sheet assets and liabilities, as transactions are usually settled on a gross basis. The Bank’s overall exposure to credit risk on derivative instruments subject to master netting arrangements can change substantially within a short year, as it is affected by each transaction subject to the arrangement.

J.P. MORGAN CHASE BANK BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

BASEL 2 PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

5 CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

5.5 Off-Balance Sheet Exposures and Counterparty Credit Risk (continued)

The following tables set out the off-balance sheet exposures and counterparty credit risk.

| | Principal amount RM'000 | Positive fair value of derivative contracts RM'000 | Credit equivalent amount* RM'000 | Risk weighted amount RM'000 |
|--|-------------------------------|---|---|--------------------------------------|
| <u>31.12.2016</u> | | | | |
| Direct credit substitutes | 298,477 | - | 298,477 | 287,625 |
| Transaction-related contingent items | 55,796 | - | 27,898 | 23,791 |
| Short-term self-liquidating trade related contingencies | 125,042 | - | 25,008 | 25,008 |
| Foreign exchange related contracts: | | | | |
| - less than one year | 18,985,033 | 611,098 | 948,484 | 597,791 |
| - one year to less than five years | 2,596,930 | 44,805 | 338,171 | 148,128 |
| - more than five years | 1,038,420 | 68,796 | 205,961 | 51,392 |
| Interest rate related contracts: | | | | |
| - less than one year | 7,119,002 | 6,697 | 36,408 | 14,912 |
| - one year to less than five years | 27,298,029 | 117,658 | 853,890 | 315,059 |
| - more than five years | 1,466,299 | 26,376 | 122,397 | 49,329 |
| Equity related contracts | | | | |
| - less than one year | 903,647 | 22,071 | 90,326 | 37,950 |
| - one year to less than five years | 373,558 | 16,286 | 66,390 | 29,988 |
| Credit related contracts | | | | |
| - one year to less than five years | 282,082 | 3,848 | 55,394 | 21,811 |
| Other commitments, such as formal standby facilities and credit lines, with an original maturity of over one year | 89,444 | - | 44,722 | 44,722 |
| Any commitments that are unconditionally cancelled at any time by the bank without prior notice or that effectively provide for automatic cancellation due to deterioration in borrower's creditworthiness | 1,135,614 | - | - | - |
| | <u>61,767,373</u> | <u>917,635</u> | <u>3,113,526</u> | <u>1,647,506</u> |

* The credit equivalent amount is arrived at using the credit conversion factors as per Bank Negara Malaysia guidelines.

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J.P. MORGAN CHASE BANK BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

BASEL 2 PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

5 CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

5.5 Off-Balance Sheet Exposures and Counterparty Credit Risk (continued)

| | Principal amount RM'000 | Positive fair value of derivative contracts RM'000 | Credit equivalent amount* RM'000 | Risk weighted amount RM'000 |
|---|-------------------------------|---|---|--------------------------------------|
| <u>31.12.2015</u> | | | | |
| Direct credit substitutes | 354,949 | - | 354,949 | 341,431 |
| Transaction-related contingent items | 54,541 | - | 27,271 | 23,388 |
| Short-term self-liquidating trade related contingencies | 63,119 | - | 12,624 | 11,886 |
| Foreign exchange related contracts: | | | | |
| - less than one year | 21,558,902 | 504,603 | 879,426 | 379,838 |
| - one year to less than five years | 1,615,831 | 229,840 | 343,645 | 202,708 |
| Interest rate related contracts: | | | | |
| - less than one year | 9,981,008 | 7,779 | 103,554 | 20,711 |
| - one year to less than five years | 23,375,326 | 96,148 | 815,639 | 187,858 |
| - more than five years | 701,333 | 59,199 | 188,033 | 37,606 |
| Equity related contracts | | | | |
| - less than one year | 828,930 | 79,552 | 140,725 | 59,955 |
| - one year to less than five years | 131,811 | 3,384 | 19,404 | 12,285 |
| Credit related contracts | | | | |
| - one year to less than five years | 75,250 | 7,051 | 17,278 | 3,456 |
| Other commitments, such as formal standby facilities and credit lines, with an original maturity of over one year | | | | |
| | 816,192 | - | 408,096 | 408,096 |
| Other commitments, such as formal standby facilities and credit lines, with an original maturity of up to one year | | | | |
| | 157,450 | - | 31,490 | 31,490 |
| | <u>59,714,642</u> | <u>987,556</u> | <u>3,342,134</u> | <u>1,720,708</u> |

* The credit equivalent amount is arrived at using the credit conversion factors as per Bank Negara Malaysia guidelines.

J.P. MORGAN CHASE BANK BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

BASEL 2 PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

6 MARKET RISK

Market risk comes mainly from trading and investing in client-focused activities, and is the risk of losses arising from adverse movements in market prices. Market risks are most commonly subdivided into interest rate risk, equity risk, foreign exchange risk and commodity risk, depending on whether the risk factor is an interest rate, a stock price, etc.

Market Risk Management

Market risk is identified, measured, monitored and controlled by an independent corporate risk governance function. Market Risk Management is responsible for the establishment of market risk policies and monitoring of risk limits.

The portfolio effect of holding different instruments across a variety of business activities and asset classes helps to diversify the market risk the Bank is exposed to and reduces the potential losses from market risk.

The Bank's ability to measure and monitor potential losses that could arise from adverse changes in market conditions is key to managing market risks. Quantitative and qualitative measures are an integral and crucial part in the Bank's assessment of market risks.

The Bank's primary tool for the systematic measuring and monitoring of market risk is the Value at Risk ("VAR") calculation, which is measured and monitored at the regional level by lines of businesses. VAR is an estimate of the expected loss in the value of the various regional lines of businesses' activities, where the Bank's activities are rolled up into, over a one-day time horizon. VAR allows for a consistent and uniform measure of market risk across all applicable products and activities. To calculate VAR, the Bank uses historical simulation, which measures risk across instruments and portfolios in a consistent and comparable way. This approach assumes that historical changes in market values are representative of future changes. The simulation is based upon data for the previous twelve months.

Besides VAR, other non-statistical limits such as basis point value and net open positions are used as market risk tools to limit the risk to which the businesses can be exposed to.

The quality of the VAR model is monitored by back-testing the VAR results for trading books. All back-testing exceptions are investigated, and all back-testing results are reported to senior management.

Stress tests provide an indication of the potential size of losses that could arise in extreme conditions. The stress tests carried out by Market Risk Management include: risk factor stress testing, where stress movements are applied to each risk category; emerging market stress testing, where emerging market portfolios are subject to stress movements; and ad hoc stress testing. The results of the stress tests are reviewed by senior management and by the Board of Directors.

J.P. MORGAN CHASE BANK BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

BASEL 2 PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

6 MARKET RISK (CONTINUED)

The risk weighted assets and capital requirements for the various categories of risk under Market risk are set out in the following table:

| | | | Risk weighted assets RM'000 | Capital requirements RM'000 |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| <u>31.12.2016</u> | | | | |
| | <u>Long position</u> | <u>Short position</u> | | |
| Interest rate risk | 81,390,360 | 81,613,133 | 1,453,306 | 116,265 |
| Equity position risk | | | 1,000 | 80 |
| Foreign currency risk | 6,214 | 11 | 6,213 | 497 |
| Options risk | | | 150,900 | 12,072 |
| | | | <u>1,611,419</u> | <u>128,914</u> |
| <u>31.12.2015</u> | | | | |
| Interest rate risk | 71,951,713 | 72,864,657 | 1,034,207 | 82,737 |
| Equity position risk | | | 20,950 | 1,676 |
| Foreign currency risk | 19,162 | 99,507 | 99,513 | 7,961 |
| Options risk | | | 155,063 | 12,405 |
| | | | <u>1,309,733</u> | <u>104,779</u> |

7 OPERATIONAL RISK

Operational risk is an inherent risk element in each of the Bank's business and support activities.

Operational Risk Management

The Bank maintains a system of comprehensive policies and control framework designed to provide a sound and well-controlled operational environment.

Primary responsibility for managing operating risk rests with the business managers. These individuals, with the support of their staff, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control procedures that are appropriate for their operating environments. To this end, the objectives of each business activities are identified and the risks associated with those objectives are assessed. The business managers institute a series of standards and procedures to manage these risks and to comply with the Bank's operational risk related policies, considering their nature and magnitude.

At the operational level, Internal Audit conducts annual audits and reviews on key operation areas. The focus of the audit is to provide assurance to management on the compliance with statutory requirements, laws, corporate policies and internal guidelines.

The Bank adopts the Basic Indicator Approach in calculating the operational risk RWA.

J.P. MORGAN CHASE BANK BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

BASEL 2 PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

8 INTEREST RATE RISK/RATE OF RETURN RISK IN THE BANKING BOOK

Interest rate risk/rate of return risk in the banking book (“IRRBB”) arise from exposures of banking book products to changes in the level, slope and curvature of the yield curve and the volatility of interest rates. Interest rate risk is one of the categories of market risk.

IRRBB Management

Treasury manages the funding activities of the Bank and serves as a funds clearing house for the various lines of businesses; businesses with excess cash from deposit raising activities sell those funds to Treasury, while businesses with funding requirements purchase those funds from Treasury. The funds are transacted using market based rates established in accordance with funds transfer pricing procedures employed by the firm and with the objectives of insulating the business from interest rate risk and transfer any such risk arising from the business activities to Treasury.

As lines of businesses transfer all interest rate risk arising from business activities to Treasury, Treasury subsequently manages the banking book interest rate risk for the bank in conjunction with its investment activities, subject to the limits governing the activities/positions at the Bank.

The limit structure in place uses Basis Point Value (“BPV”) as a measure of IRRBB. BPV is used to quantify the change in value of the balance sheet across all accrual positions to a one basis point change in interest rates. The greater the BPV, the greater the sensitivity of the balance sheet and therefore earnings to changes in interest rates.

The sensitivity of the Bank’s positions in banking book to interest rate changes are set out in the following table:

| <u>31.12.2016</u> | <u>Increase/(Decrease)</u> | |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| | <u>+100bps</u> | <u>-100 bps</u> |
| | <u>RM’000</u> | <u>RM’000</u> |
| <u>Impact on Economic Value</u> | | |
| MYR | (11,795) | 11,795 |
| USD | (40,009) | 40,009 |
| Other | (862) | 862 |
| | <u>(52,666)</u> | <u>52,666</u> |
| | <u><u>(52,666)</u></u> | <u><u>52,666</u></u> |
| | | |
| <u>31.12.2015</u> | <u>Increase/(Decrease)</u> | |
| | <u>+100bps</u> | <u>-100 bps</u> |
| | <u>RM’000</u> | <u>RM’000</u> |
| <u>Impact on Economic Value</u> | | |
| MYR | (9,966) | 9,966 |
| USD | (21,983) | 21,983 |
| Other | (1,677) | 1,677 |
| | <u>(33,626)</u> | <u>33,626</u> |
| | <u><u>(33,626)</u></u> | <u><u>33,626</u></u> |